

FCC Exam Element 3 Question Pool for General Class  
Effective 7/1/2019 – 6/30/2023

**SUBELEMENT G6 – CIRCUIT COMPONENTS** [2 Exam Questions – 2 Groups]

G6A – Resistors; capacitors; inductors; rectifiers; solid-state diodes and transistors; vacuum tubes; batteries

G6A01

**What is the minimum allowable discharge voltage for maximum life of a standard 12 volt lead-acid battery?**

- A. 6 volts
- B. 8.5 volts
- C. 10.5 volts
- D. 12 volts

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G6A02

**What is an advantage of the low internal resistance of nickel-cadmium batteries?**

- A. Long life
- B. High discharge current
- C. High voltage
- D. Rapid recharge

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G6A03

**What is the approximate junction threshold voltage of a germanium diode?**

- A. 0.1 volt
- B. 0.3 volts
- C. 0.7 volts
- D. 1.0 volts

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G6A04

**Which of the following is an advantage of an electrolytic capacitor?**

- A. Tight tolerance
- B. Much less leakage than any other type
- C. High capacitance for a given volume
- D. Inexpensive RF capacitor

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G6A05

**What is the approximate junction threshold voltage of a conventional silicon diode?**

- A. 0.1 volt
- B. 0.3 volts
- C. 0.7 volts
- D. 1.0 volts

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G6A06

**Which of the following is a reason not to use wire-wound resistors in an RF circuit?**

- A. The resistor's tolerance value would not be adequate for such a circuit
- B. The resistor's inductance could make circuit performance unpredictable
- C. The resistor could overheat
- D. The resistor's internal capacitance would detune the circuit

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G6A07

**What are the stable operating points for a bipolar transistor used as a switch in a logic circuit?**

- A. Its saturation and cutoff regions
- B. Its active region (between the cutoff and saturation regions)
- C. Its peak and valley current points
- D. Its enhancement and depletion modes

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G6A08

**What is an advantage of using a ferrite core toroidal inductor?**

- A. Large values of inductance may be obtained
- B. The magnetic properties of the core may be optimized for a specific range of frequencies
- C. Most of the magnetic field is contained in the core
- D. All these choices are correct

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G6A09

**Which of the following describes the construction of a MOSFET?**

- A. The gate is formed by a back-biased junction
- B. The gate is separated from the channel with a thin insulating layer
- C. The source is separated from the drain by a thin insulating layer
- D. The source is formed by depositing metal on silicon

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G6A10

**Which element of a triode vacuum tube is used to regulate the flow of electrons between cathode and plate?**

- A. Control grid
- B. Heater
- C. Screen grid
- D. Trigger electrode

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G6A11

**What happens when an inductor is operated above its self-resonant frequency?**

- A. Its reactance increases
- B. Harmonics are generated
- C. It becomes capacitive
- D. Catastrophic failure is likely

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G6A12

**What is the primary purpose of a screen grid in a vacuum tube?**

- A. To reduce grid-to-plate capacitance
- B. To increase efficiency
- C. To increase the control grid resistance
- D. To decrease plate resistance

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G6A13

**Why is the polarity of applied voltages important for polarized capacitors?**

- A. Incorrect polarity can cause the capacitor to short-circuit
- B. Reverse voltages can destroy the dielectric layer of an electrolytic capacitor
- C. The capacitor could overheat and explode
- D. All these choices are correct

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G6A14

**Which of the following is an advantage of ceramic capacitors as compared to other types of capacitors?**

- A. Tight tolerance
- B. High stability
- C. High capacitance for given volume
- D. Comparatively low cost

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G6B – Analog and digital integrated circuits (ICs); microprocessors; memory; I/O devices; microwave ICs (MMICs); display devices; connectors; ferrite cores

G6B01

**What determines the performance of a ferrite core at different frequencies?**

- A. Its conductivity
- B. Its thickness
- C. The composition, or “mix,” of materials used
- D. The ratio of outer diameter to inner diameter

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G6B02

**What is meant by the term MMIC?**

- A. Multi-Megabyte Integrated Circuit
- B. Monolithic Microwave Integrated Circuit
- C. Military Manufactured Integrated Circuit
- D. Mode Modulated Integrated Circuit

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G6B03

**Which of the following is an advantage of CMOS integrated circuits compared to TTL integrated circuits?**

- A. Low power consumption
- B. High power handling capability
- C. Better suited for RF amplification
- D. Better suited for power supply regulation

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G6B04

**What is meant by the term ROM?**

- A. Resistor Operated Memory
- B. Read Only Memory
- C. Random Operational Memory
- D. Resistant to Overload Memory

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G6B05

**What is meant when memory is characterized as non-volatile?**

- A. It is resistant to radiation damage
- B. It is resistant to high temperatures
- C. The stored information is maintained even if power is removed
- D. The stored information cannot be changed once written

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G6B06

**What kind of device is an integrated circuit operational amplifier?**

- A. Digital
- B. MMIC
- C. Programmable Logic
- D. Analog

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G6B07

**Which of the following describes a type N connector?**

- A. A moisture-resistant RF connector useful to 10 GHz
- B. A small bayonet connector used for data circuits
- C. A threaded connector used for hydraulic systems
- D. An audio connector used in surround-sound installations

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G6B08

**How is an LED biased when emitting light?**

- A. Beyond cutoff
- B. At the Zener voltage
- C. Reverse biased
- D. Forward biased

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G6B09

**Which of the following is a characteristic of a liquid crystal display?**

- A. It utilizes ambient or back lighting
- B. It offers a wide dynamic range
- C. It consumes relatively high power
- D. It has relatively short lifetime

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G6B10

**How does a ferrite bead or core reduce common-mode RF current on the shield of a coaxial cable?**

- A. By creating an impedance in the current's path
- B. It converts common-mode current to differential mode
- C. By creating an out-of-phase current to cancel the common-mode current
- D. Ferrites expel magnetic fields

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G6B11

**What is a type SMA connector?**

- A. A large bayonet connector usable at power levels more than 1 KW
- B. A small threaded connector suitable for signals up to several GHz
- C. A connector designed for serial multiple access signals
- D. A type of push-on connector intended for high-voltage applications

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G6B12

**Which of these connector types is commonly used for audio signals in Amateur Radio stations?**

- A. PL-259
- B. BNC
- C. RCA Phono
- D. Type N

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G6B13

**Which of these connector types is commonly used for RF connections at frequencies up to 150 MHz?**

- A. Octal
- B. RJ-11
- C. PL-259
- D. DB-25

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